

Assignment 3.1

$$1. K = \int_{\Omega^e} h \cdot B^T E B \, d\Omega$$

Differentiating the linear shape functions with respect to  $x$  and  $y$  returns constant nodal derivatives, though  $B$  is constant.

$$K = A h B^T E B$$

$$x_{j1} = x_j - x_1 \quad y_{j1} = y_j - y_1$$

$$x_{21} = 0 - 0 = 0$$

$$x_{32} = 2 - 3 = -1$$

$$x_{13} = 0 - 2 = -2$$

$$y_{31} = 2 - 0 = 2$$

$$y_{12} = 0 - 1 = -1$$

$$y_{23} = 1 - 2 = -1$$

$$K = \frac{A h}{4A} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 25 & 0 \\ 25 & 100 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 50 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 & 2 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = \frac{h}{4A} \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -25 & -50 \\ -25 & -100 & -50 \\ 200 & 50 & -100 \\ -50 & -200 & 100 \\ -100 & -50 & 150 \\ 50 & 100 & -50 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 & 2 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$2A = (x_2 y_3 - x_3 y_2) + (x_3 y_1 - x_1 y_3) + (x_1 y_2 - x_2 y_1)$$

$$= (3 \times 2 - 2 \times 1) + (2 \times 0 - 0 \times 2) + (0 \times 1 - 3 \times 0)$$

$$2A = 6 - 2 = 4$$

$$\frac{h}{4A} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \times \begin{bmatrix} 150 & 75 & -100 & -50 & -50 & -25 \\ 75 & 150 & 50 & 100 & -125 & -250 \\ -100 & 50 & 600 & -300 & -500 & 250 \\ -50 & 100 & -300 & 600 & 350 & -700 \\ -50 & -125 & -500 & 350 & 550 & -225 \\ -25 & -250 & 250 & -700 & -225 & 850 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 18,75 & 8,375 & -12,5 & -6,25 & -6,25 & -3,125 \\ 8,375 & 18,75 & 6,25 & 12,5 & -15,625 & -31,25 \\ -12,5 & 6,25 & 75 & -37,5 & -62,5 & 31,25 \\ -6,25 & 12,5 & 37,5 & 75 & 43,75 & -87,5 \\ -6,25 & -15,625 & -62,5 & 43,75 & 68,75 & -28,125 \\ -3,125 & -31,25 & 31,25 & -87,5 & -71,25 & 118,75 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.)

Sum of rows 1, 3 and 5

$$\text{row 1: } 18,75 + 8,375 - 12,5 - 6,25 - 6,25 + (-3,125) = 0$$

$$\text{row 3: } -12,5 + 6,25 + 75 - 37,5 - 62,5 + 31,25 = 0$$

$$\text{row 5: } -6,25 - 15,625 - 62,5 + 43,75 + 68,75 - 28,125 = 0$$

$$\text{column 1: } \frac{1}{8} \times (0) = 0$$

$$\text{column 3: } \frac{1}{8} \times (0) = 0$$

$$\text{column 5: } \frac{1}{8} \times (0) = 0$$

row 2:  $\frac{1}{b}(-a) = 0$

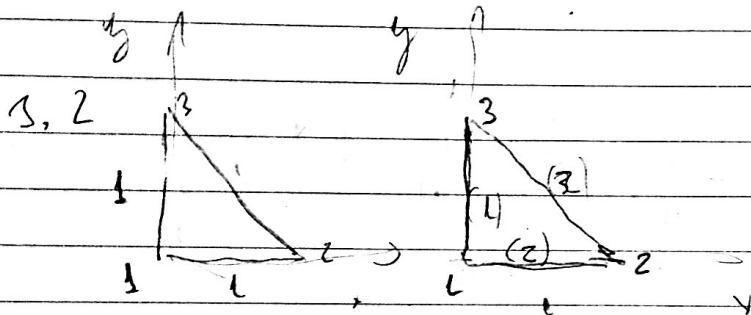
row 4: 0

row 6: 0

column 2:  $\frac{1}{b}(-a) = 0$

column 4:  $\frac{1}{b}(a) = 0$

column 6: 0



$x_1 = 0$        $x_2 = l$        $x_3 = 0$   
 $y_1 = 0$        $y_2 = 0$        $y_3 = l$

$E = \frac{E}{1-\nu^2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \nu & 0 \\ \nu & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{bmatrix}$   
 $\nu = 0$

$x_{21} = l$        $y_{31} = 1$   
 $x_{13} = 0$        $y_{23} = -1$   
 $x_{32} = -l$        $y_{12} = 0$

$B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$E = \begin{bmatrix} E & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & E & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{E}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$\begin{bmatrix} E & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & E & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & E \end{bmatrix}$

$A^* = \begin{bmatrix} -E & 0 & -\frac{E}{2} \\ 0 & -E & -\frac{E}{2} \\ E & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & E/2 \\ 0 & 0 & E/2 \\ 0 & E & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B$

$K = \frac{h}{A} \cdot B^T \cdot E \cdot B$  - "h" is uniform

$$K^* = \begin{bmatrix} -E & 0 & -E/2 \\ 0 & -E & -E/2 \\ E & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & E/2 \\ 0 & 0 & E/2 \\ 0 & E & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$A = \frac{1}{2}, h = 1$

$K = \frac{h}{A} \cdot K^* \rightarrow K = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot K^* = \frac{1}{2} K^*$

$$K = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 3/2 E & E/2 & -E & -E/2 & -E/2 & 0 \\ E/2 & 3/2 E & 0 & -E/2 & -E/2 & -E \\ -E & 0 & E & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -E/2 & -E/2 & 0 & E/2 & E/2 & 0 \\ -E/2 & -E/2 & 0 & E/2 & E/2 & 0 \\ 0 & -E & 0 & 0 & 0 & E \end{bmatrix}$$

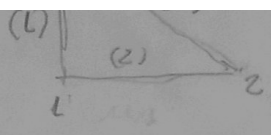
For the theorem problem

$$K = \frac{EA}{L} \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & sc & -c^2 & -sc \\ sc & s^2 & -sc & -s^2 \\ -c^2 & -sc & c^2 & sc \\ -sc & -s^2 & sc & s^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$K^{(1)} = EA \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Labels:  $M_{y2}, M_{y1}, M_{y3}, M_{y2}$

S T Q Q S S D



$\sin \phi = 30 = \omega \phi$



$$K^2 = EA \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$M_x$   
 $M_y$   
 $M_x$   
 $M_y$

$$K^3 = \frac{EA'}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= EA' \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = K^{(1)} + K^{(2)} + K^{(3)} \quad (\text{augmented } K)$$

$$K^{(1)} = EA \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A & 0 & 0 & 0 & -A \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -A & 0 & 0 & 0 & A \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K^{(2)} = E \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 & -A & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -A & 0 & A & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K^{(3)} = E \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow K = E \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 & -A & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A & 0 & 0 & 0 & -A \\ -A & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} + A & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} + A & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} + A & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} \\ 0 & -A & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}A'}{4} + A \end{bmatrix}$$